Luke's Gospel – An Inclusive Savior Lesson Four

[Luke 3:1-20]And Now, Back to John the Baptist <i>Tetrarchy</i> - 1/4 of a kingdom. The kingdom of Herod the Great was divided into four regions, each ruler called a tetrarch(Herod, Philip, and Lysanias)	
vs.2-3	Desert - metaphorically used to denote Israel's formation as God's
	covenant people and their return to God John's baptism(and message) carried the requirement of repentance
vs.4-6	This repentance would prepare the way (get people ready) for the Christ
vs.7-9	These verses deal with judgment, but are not intended to show up the
VO.7 >	wicked, but highlight the good
	"Brood of vipers" refers to everyone, not just Pharisees & Sadducees
	Picture of snakes running from fire is likened to the people running
	from "the coming wrath"
	"We have Abraham as our father" - not a valid claim for exemption nor a
	excuse for failure
vs.10-14	"What shall we do then?" – John's message possesses social responsibility:
	To those with much: "The man with two tunics should share with him who
	has none, & the one who has food should do the same"
	To the Tax Collectors: "Don't collect any more than you are required to"
	To the Soldiers: "Don't extort money & don't accuse people falsely - be
	content with your pay"
vs.15-17	Many were waiting for the Christ who (they thought) would deliver them
	from their external oppression - wondered if John was him
	John says "no," but reveals this of the Christ:
	1.He's not worthy to untie the sandals of the "one more powerful
	than I"
	2.He baptizes with water, the Christ will baptize with the Holy
	Spirit and fire(direct link to Pentecost - Acts 2)
NOTE OF	3. The Christ will bring judgment
NOTE: Christ's manner of judgment is to "gather the wheat first, then burn up the chaff". The	
	o save the wheat, not burn the chaff. His primary goal is to SAVE, not condemn!
vs.19-20	Luke doesn't go into specifics about what Herod had done that John
	rebuked, but adds one more to Herod's evil list - locking up John the
	Baptist
[Luke 3:21-22]He Got Jesus Too	
vs.21-22 Jesus was baptized like everyone else who heard John preach - another	
VS.21-22	point linking Jesus with the least (not that Jesus had sin)
	Luke focuses on the postbaptismal actions: a.heavens open up; b.Holy
	Spirit descends as a dove; c.God's stamp of approval
	a.Heavens open up - fulfilling prophecy of <u>Isaiah 64:1-4</u>
	b.Holy Spirit descends as a dove - Luke uses the Holy Spirit to
	Transactor de mainistra and transaction and to

empower Jesus to do ministry, not to confirm who he is

c.God's voice is only heard by Jesus - this is personal confirmation

Jesus prays - Importance of prayer is consistent with Luke in dealing with life and ministry

[Luke 3:23-38]......Why Is This Here? Three Reasons:

- 1.Jesus begins his ministry at 30 yrs old. Could be listed because David was 30 yrs old when he began to reign or because this was the age a priest could begin to serve God
- 2.Geneology links Jesus to Adam(instead of Abraham) shows Jesus is related to creation & humanity; God's original purpose is never forsaken
 - 3.Jesus is a true child of Israel (although his lineage is traced through Joseph, Joseph would not have married a non-Jew)

NEXT LESSON – "Along Came the Devil"